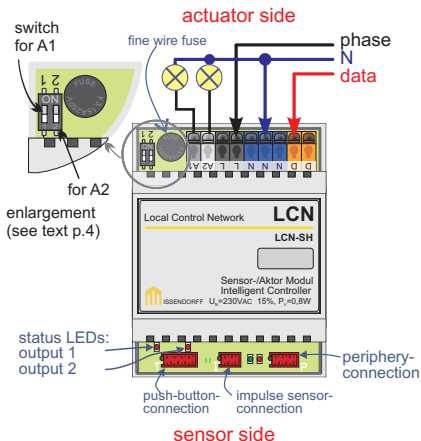


## Sensor/actuator module for DIN-rail mounting

The LCN-SH is a sensor/actuator module for building installation in Bus technology.  
 (The LCN-SH's from 2002 or after have a further functionality and are named "SH+" in the LCN-PRO /-P.)



## Application

The 4HP sized LCN-SH module is for installing in dry rooms in main and normal distribution boxes.

It has 3 electronic outputs, which are separately controlled. 2 of the outputs are on terminals and can be operated as switch or as leading edge dimmer. They each provide dimming ramps, timers and scene memories.

Additionally there are three sensor connections available (see illustration), which can be used independently from one another and from the outputs.

The operating programme of the LCN-SH includes further functions like 2 proportional regulators, 5 thresholds, the LCN panel system etc..

### The connection

The module has two terminal blocks: the power supply side with screwless terminals and the sensor side with plug connections.

The terminals are colourfully marked as follows:

<b>Description:</b>	<b>Colour:</b>	<b>Function:</b>
<b>D,D</b>	orange	data wire
<b>N,N,N</b>	blue	neutral wire
<b>L,L</b>	black	phase (live)
<b>2</b>	grey	output 2 (intern. supplied with fuse for phase/live)
<b>1</b>	white	output 1 (intern. supplied with fuse for phase/live)

**Note:** The LCN-SH modules are wired internally to switch/dim from the phase.

The power connections are voltage fixed up to max. 4kV(L+N) according to VDE, additional measures against overvoltage in operational conditions are not necessary. Measures for lightning protection in the building should be applied as usual (coarse protection).

The power outputs voltage fixed up to 500V~ (max. pulse voltage according to IEC801-4: 1kV). Because the electronic switches in the LCN modules switch off on the current zero crossing, no noise levels, even when using inductive loads, are to be expected.

### Outputs:

The outputs are protected against short circuits on the output side through a **3,15A F backup fuse**. The fuse is not suitable, with loads on just one output to avoid an overheating on the built-in interference suppression. That's why you must ensure when connecting the load, that a higher load than 2A cannot occur on each output.

The processor in the LCN-SH module is supplied separately and works even then, when the fuse is removed.

The LCN-SH modules recognize a defect fuse and show this locally through flashing on both the LED's from the outputs. Both outputs switch off and sends a status message. The switching on will be rejected with the function message "fuse defect" in the hand operation on the LCN-P or LCN-PRO .

The LCN-SH with ser.nr. 0E... or later monitors its operating temperature. if this gets too high due to an overload, both outputs will be switched off and a status message sent to the Bus:

```
"module reports overload/short circuit periphery."
```

After cooling down, the outputs can be switched back on. Basically, the loads should always be checked beforehand.

**Notes about the outputs:**

The electronic outputs do not need a **minimum load**. This makes it possible to connect small and even inductive loads directly.

Due to the required measures for interference suppression according to CE, a small standby current of 4mA (capacitive) flows in every power output. This can cause relays to “stick” when connected to 230V. Solution: You can deactivate the dim interference filter. According to CE you must then only use the output in the switching mode.

Take a look at the circuit board: on the left next to the fuse holder, you will find a two way mini sliding switch, which is marked with 1 and 2 (see illustr. on page 1). When you slide the switch 1 downwards (away from the ON marking), the interference condenser from output 1 is deactivated. the same with switch 2 for output 2.

When connecting gas discharge lamps with control gear, the reactive current should be considered, the connectable load is reduced to half. Solution: Compensate the lights by simply connecting a condenser parallel or in series. with electronic zero-voltage switches, the problem with contact burn-up when using capacitive loads, will not occur. That’s why you can connect large condensers to the outputs in switching mode (not in dimming mode!) For this reason a parallel compensation is possible.

**Sensor technology**

The red sensor connecting plugs are protected only in a low extent against overvoltage. A contact with 230V will destroy the module. The sensor terminals are on the N potential, which means they are not decoupled from the electrical isolation. That's why you must make sure, that a protection against contact for the user in every operating condition is ensured. The push-buttons from all of the approved switch panel systems ensure this protection.

The module has three sensor connections, which can be used as additional switchings, if necessary as actuator. The functions can be programmed with the setup programme LCN-P or LCN-PRO.

**T-connection:**

Over a LCN-T8 or push-button converter (LCN-BT4H/BU4L), max. 8 conventional push-buttons can be evaluated. Apart from that, there are a selection of sensors that can be connected here alternatively. The module has the required analogue value processing with up to 12bit accuracy.

**I-connection:**

Here the IR-receiver for the remote control can be connected, additionally the binary sensor LCN-B3I, the motion detector LCN-BMI, the transponder reader LCN-UT and the temperature sensor LCN-TS. These components can be operated parallel on the I-connection by using the LCN-IV.

The I-connection can alternatively be served as a counter for pulses up to 1kHz, when no further periphery is connected.

**P-connection:**

Here you can connect for example, the 4-way binary sensor (LCN-BT4H/-BU4L), the current sensor (LCN-BS4) and the relay blocks (LCN-R8H/-R4M2H/-R2H). The LCN-BT4H/BU4L and LCN-BS4 will be detected automatically. The LCN-R8H has to be activated first with the LCN-P or LCN-PRO.

**Notes about the sensor technology:**

The module monitors overloads and short circuits (T-, I-, P-port) on its sensor technology. Should the module be short circuited on its periphery, due to wiring errors, it will switch off the power supply from the sensor for 4 seconds by itself. If 2 further tests show the same error, it will switch off for 8s + 30s and a status message will be sent to the bus:

```
"module reports overload/short circuit periphery."
```

apart from that the red LED will flash cyclic, as long as the sensor technology is switched off. In this case check the connected sensor technology and the wiring. The module stays accessible and operational even after these errors!

## Status display of the lamps

### GREEN (flashes constantly):

nr. of flashes	<u>message</u>
1	normal operation
2	self testing-error, module is not programmed
3	Bus error: module cannot send
4	(reserved)
5	module is in programming mode

### RED (flashes only when occurrences are entered):

nr. of flashes	<u>message</u>
1	key was pressed, command was sent
2	different errors: please check with PC and the LCN-PRO
3	received telegram data was faulty
4	IR-telegram received from unauthorised sender
5	received illegal command (will be ignored)
6	error in the structure of a received command
7	parameter of a command exceeds permitted limit
8	command received cannot be carried out at the moment
<b>cyclic (30s.)</b>	periphery (T-,I-, P-Port) was overloaded and/or short circuited. Both LED´s left and right side of the T-connection, show switch and dimming conditions of the outputs.

In the menus and help texts found in the programme LCN-PRO, further informations and properties of the module are available.

*Without parameterization the module has no functions.*

Because no access to the module is required when first programming, (no programming button, all functions are controlled over the bus), the module may be installed before being setting up. In this case the serial number of the unprogrammed module should be noted in the building plan, for better identification.

**Note:**

As always with electronic, suppressor elements (e.g.VDR´s) are to be planned with coils from 230V~ contactors and relays, that are installed in the same distribution boxes as the LCN modules.

**Important note:**

Despite its extensive functionalities, the LCN system is simple to install and programme: It´s all in the hands of the electrician. However a **training course is necessary for every electrician**, who installs this system. The direct users support over the telephone hotline, is only free of charge and open to installers who have taken part in a training course.



**Properties of the built-in control programme:**

Issued numbers:	module ID: 5..254, group nr.: 5..254 segment nr.: 5..124
group members:	12 (fixed) plus 10 (dynamic)
command tables:	A, B, C & D with each 2 * 8 targets (each 3 commands) and 32 targets at 3 commands (double operation)
links:	depending on: logic, time, sensors, output- conditions, panel and fault report-processing (4-way) according to DIN.
scene storage:	10 x 10 per light group (brightness & ramp)

**Timers (amount):**

outputs (2):	10ms..40 min
keys (4):	each 1s .. 45 days
key blocking (1):	each 1s .. 45 days
output blocking (2x1):	1s .. 45 days (part & full blockage)
clock (1):	0,3s .. 6500 s
relay (2):	30ms ..4 min

**Properties of the built-in control programme:****Measured value processing**

triggering:

8, 10 or 12 bit

pre processing:

value correction, hum sound suppression, remote query

evaluation:

two continuous controllers  
input sizes can be calculated as difference values

counting/computing:

5 thresholds (=10 commands) with hysteresis  
0 ... 30000, can be cascaded**Remote control**

keys:

16 (with LCN-RT: 4 key levels)

amount access codes:

250 + serial number evaluation (transponder)

zentral access control:

&gt; 16 mio codes

transponder:

16 codes evaluated direct, many over LCN-GVS

**Technical data:****Connection:**

power supply:	230VAC $\pm$ 15%, 50/60Hz (110VAC version available)
power consumption:	0,5W
terminals/wire type (load side):	screwless, solid max. 2,5mm <sup>2</sup> oder fine wire with end sleeves max. 1,5mm <sup>2</sup> loop through current max. 16A
fuse on the outputs:	fine-wire fuse 3.15AF both outputs
connection sensor side:	T-, I- und P-connection

**Technical data:****Outputs:**

type:	zero voltage switch or <b>leading</b> edge dimmer
triggering:	200 steps in dimming operation
switch load:	each 300VA ( $\cos \varphi=1$ )
overload:	1kW max. 10s.
reactive power:	1% of the apparent power

**Installation:**

operating temperature:	-10°C..+ 40°C
air humidity:	max. 80% rel., non condensing
environmental conditions:	use as stationary installation according to VDE632, VDE637
protection art:	IP20
dimensions (BxDxH):	68mm (4HP) x 92mm x 66,5mm
installation:	DIN rail 35 mm (DIN50022)

Technical information and images are non binding. Changes are reserved.  
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